

7.5 - The Ruby API

- The Ruby API provides a binding to the TET C API
- All the functions provided by the API are in a single Ruby module `Rbtet`
- This module must be imported at the start of the test code

```
require "Rbtet"
```

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Interface to the user-written code

- The Ruby binding uses the TET dynamic interfaces, so unlike the Shell and Perl APIs you do not need to setup an iclist for the TCM to communicate with the code
 - Thereby simplifying the writing of test code

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Defining a Ruby Test Set

- The test set is wrapped in a Ruby class
- The test set class is a subclass of Rbtet::SuperTestSet

```
class TestSet < Rbtet::SuperTestSet  
...  
end
```

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Defining the test list

- At the start of the test set class the test list is defined as a class variable hash list

```
@@testlist = Hash[1, "test1", 2, "test2"]
```

- This example defines 2 tests for the test set

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Defining the startup and cleanup methods

- Optional startup and cleanup methods can be defined in the test set class

```
def startup()
    Rbtet.tet_infoline("Calling startup")
end

def cleanup()
    Rbtet.tet_infoline("Calling cleanup")
end
```

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Defining the test methods

- The test methods are defined in the test set class

```
test1()
    Rbtet.tet_infoline("Calling test 1")
end

test2()
    Rbtet.tet_infoline("Calling test 2")
end
```

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Ruby API Features - Using the TET API

- Uses the same TET C API names
- The Ruby API names must be qualified by the module namespace

```
myvar = Rbtet.tet_getvar("MY_CONFIG_VARIABLE")
Rbtet.tet_infoline("output text goes here")
Rbtet.tet_result(Rbtet::TET_PASS)
```

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Ruby API Features - Handling Errors

- Errors handling through exceptions

```
begin
    var = Rbtet.tet_getvar( "RBTEL_VAR" )
rescue
    Rbtet.tet_infoline("Failed to get value for
    RBTEL_VAR")
    Rbtet.tet_infoline(Rbtet::TET_UNRESOLVED)
    return
end
```

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Note

- The Ruby TET API wrapper is generated using the SWIG toolkit that has some limitations which mean that not all the TET C API features are presently available in RbTET API, e.g. varargs (tet_printf() etc)

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Building the Rbtet Module

- Need to have installed a supported version of TET and Ruby
- Set `TET_ROOT` in the environment
- Check the settings of parameters in the `Makefile`
 - `RUBY_INC` - Ruby include directory,
e.g `/usr/local/lib/ruby/1.8/i686-linux`
- Build the `Rbtet` module using the `make` utility

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Building the Rbtet Module

```
$ ls
Makefile      README      rbtet.i          rbtet_demo
            rbtet_wrap.c
Makefile.swig   Rbtet.rb    rbtet_profile

$make
/usr/bin/gcc -I/usr/local/lib/ruby/1.8/i686-linux -c
rbtet_wrap.c \
/usr/bin/gcc -shared -fPIC -o rbtet_ext.so rbtet_wrap.o \
/user2/tet/lib/tet3/tcm.o /user2/tet/lib/tet3/libapi.a
$
```

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Setup for using the Rbtet module

- Set **RUBYPATH** to the location of the Rbtet module (**Rbtet.rb**)
- Set **RUBYLIB** to the location of the Rbtet shared library (**rbtet_exts.so**)
- Set **PATH** to include the location of the **\$TET_ROOT/bin** and the Ruby interpreter
- See the **README** for more detailed instructions

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Using the Ruby TET Module

- Import the Rbtet module
- Define the test set class
- Define the test list class variable
- Define the startup and cleanup methods (optional)
- Define the test methods

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Using the Ruby TET Module

- Register the test set instance, startup and cleanup methods with `Rbtet.rbtet_init()`
- Invoke `tcc` to run the test cases

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Example Ruby test case

```

•     require "Rbtet"

•     class TestSet < Rbtet::SuperTestSet
•       @@testlist = Hash[1,"test1", 2,"test2"]

•       def startup()
•         Rbtet.tet_infoline("Test startup")
•       end

•       def cleanup()
•         Rbtet.tet_infoline("Test cleanup")
•       end

•       def test1()
•         begin
•           var = Rbtet.tet_getvar("RBTTET_TC1_VAR")
•         rescue
•           Rbtet.tet_infoline("Failed to get a value for RBTTET_TC1_VAR")
•           Rbtet.tet_result(Rbtet::TET_UNRESOLVED)
•           return
•         end
•         Rbtet.tet_infoline("RBTTET_TC1_VAR is set to " + var)
•         Rbtet.tet_result(Rbtet::TET_PASS)
•       end

•       def test2()
•         Rbtet.tet_result(Rbtet::TET_PASS)
•       end
•     end

•     Rbtet.rbtet_init(TestSet.new, "startup", "cleanup")

```

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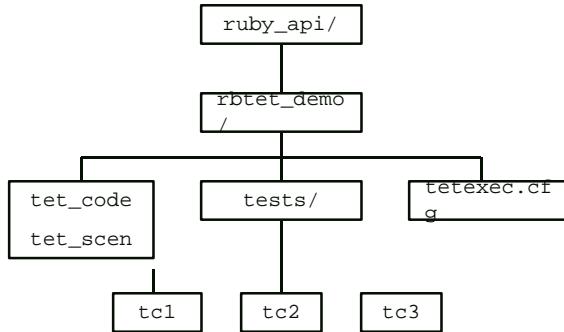
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The rbtet_demo test suite

- The rbtet_demo is included with the Ruby API as an example test suite



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Invoke tcc to run the rbtet_demo test suite

- Ensure that your environment is set, see `rbtet_profile`
- Assuming `rbtet_demo` is installed under `TET_ROOT`, change to the directory and invoke `tcc`:
 - `tcc -p -e`
- Otherwise set `TET_SUITE_ROOT` to where the `rbtet_demo` directory is and invoke `tcc` (See next slide)

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Running the rbtet_demo test suite

```
[rbtet_demo] ls
results tests tet_code tet_scen tetexec.cfg
[rbtet_demo] export TET_SUITE_ROOT=`pwd`
[rbtet_demo] tcc -p -e .
tcc: journal file is
/home/neil/work/rbtet/rbtet_demo/results/0001e/journal
11:58:08 Execute /tests/tc1
11:58:09 Execute /tests/tc2
11:58:10 Execute /tests/tc3
[rbtet_demo]
```

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